Pt. 63, Subpt. G, Table 36

Item of equipment	Control requirement ^a
Oil/Water separator	(a) Equip with a fixed roof and route vapors to a process or to a fuel gas system, or equip with a closed vent system that routes vapors to a control device meeting the requirements of §63.139(c); or (b) Equip with a floating roof that meets the equipment specifications of §60.693 (a)(1)(i), (a)(1)(ii), (a)(2), (a)(3), and (a)(4). Maintain a fixed roof. d if the tank is sparged or used for heating or treating by means of an
	exothermic reaction, a fixed roof and a system shall be maintained that routes the organic hazardous air pollutants vapors to other process equipment or a fuel gas system, or a closed vent system that routes vapors to a control device that meets the requirements of 40 CFR § 63.119 (e)(1) or (e)(2).

a Where a tightly fitting solid cover is required, it shall be maintained with no visible gaps or openings, except during periods of sampling, inspection, or maintenance.
 b Manhole includes sumps and other points of access to a conveyance system.
 c Applies to tanks with capacities of 38 m³ or greater.
 d A fixed roof may have openings necessary for proper venting of the tank, such as pressure/vacuum vent, j-pipe vent.
 The liquid in the tank is agitated by injecting compressed air or gas.

TABLE 36 TO SUBPART G OF PART 63—COMPOUND LISTS USED FOR COMPLIANCE DEM-ONSTRATIONS FOR ENHANCED BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT PROCESSES (SEE §63.145(h))

List 1	List 2
Acetonitrile	Acetaldehyde.
Acetophenone	
Acrylonitrile	
Siphenyl	
Chlorobenzene	
Dichloroethyl Ether	1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Diethyl Sulfate	
Dimethyl Sulfate	
Dimethyl Hydrazine 1,1	
Dinitrophenol 2,4	
Dinitrotoluene 2,4	
Dioxane 1.4	
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl	
Ether Acetate	
Ethylene Glycol Monomethyl	
Ether Acetate	
Ethylene Glycol Dimethyl Ether	
Hexachlorobenzene	
sophorone	
Methanol	
Methyl Methacrylate	
Nitrobenzene	
Toluidine	
Trichlorobenzene 1,2,4	
Trichlorophenol 2,4,6	
Triethylamine	
	Ethylbenzene.
	Ethylene Oxide.
	Ethylene Dibromide.
	Hexachlorobutadiene.
	Hexachloroethane.
	Hexane-n.
	Methyl Isobutyl Ketone.
	Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether.
	Methyl Chloride.
	Methylene Chloride (dichloromethane).
	Naphthalene.
	Nitropropane 2
	Phosgene.
	Propionaldehyde.
	Propylene Oxide.
	Styrene.
	Tetrachloroethane 1,1,2,2.
	TolueneTrichloroethane 1,1,1 (methyl chloroform).
	Trichloroethane 1,1,2.
	Trichloroethylene.
	Trimethylpentane 2,2,4.
	Vinyl Chloride.
	Vinyl Acetate.
	Xylene-m.

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List 1	List 2
	Xylene-o. Xylene-p.

[59 FR 19468, Apr. 22, 1994, as amended at 71 FR 76615, Dec. 21, 2006]

TABLE 37 TO SUBPART G OF PART 63—DEFAULT BIORATES FOR LIST 1 COMPOUNDS

Compound name	
Acetonitrile	0.100
Acetophenone	0.538
Acrylonitrile	0.750
Biphenyl	5.643
Chlorobenzene	10.000
Dichloroethyl ether	0.246
Diethyl sulfate	0.105
Dimethyl hydrazine(1,1)	0.227
DIMethyl sulfate	0.178
Dinitrophenol 2,4	0.620
Dinitrotoluene(2,4)	0.784
Dioxane(1,4)	0.393
Ethylene glycol dimethyl ether	0.364
Ethylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	0.159
Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether acetate	0.496
Hexachlorobenzene	16.179
ISophorone	0.598
Methanol	0.200
Methyl methacrylate	4.300
Nitrobenzene	2.300
Toluidine (-0)	0.859
Trichlorobenzene 1,2,4	4.393
Trichlorophenol 2,4,5	4.477
Triethylamine	1.064

FIGURE 1 TO SUBPART G OF PART 63-DEFINITIONS OF TERMS USED IN WASTEWATER EQUATIONS

Main Terms

- AMR=Actual mass removal of Table 8 and/or Table 9 compounds achieved by treatment process or a series of treatment processes, kg/hr.
- C=Concentration of Table 8 and/or Table 9 compounds in wastewater, ppmw.
- CG=Concentration of TOC (minus methane and ethane) or total organic hazardous air pollutants, in vented gas stream, dry basis, ppmv.
- CGc=Concentration of TOC or organic hazardous air pollutants corrected to 3-percent oxygen, in vented gas stream, dry basis, ppmv.
- CGS=Concentration of sample compounds in vented gas stream, dry basis, ppmv.
- E=Removal or destruction efficiency, per-
- F_{bio} =Site-specific fraction of Table 8 and/or Table 9 compounds biodegraded, unitless.
- fbio=Site-specific fraction of an individual Table 8 or Table 9 compound biodegraded, unitless.
- Fm=Compound-specific fraction measured factor, unitless (listed in table 34).

- Fr=Fraction removal value for Table 8 and/or Table 9 compounds, unitless (listed in Table 9).
- $Fr_{avg} \small{=} Flow \small{-} weighted$ average of the Fr valnes
- i=Identifier for a compound.
- j=Identifier for a sample.
- k=Identifier for a run.
- K_2 =Constant, 41.57 * 10⁻⁹, (ppm)⁻¹ (grammole per standard m3) (kg/g), where standard temperature (gram-mole per standard m^3) is 20 °C.
- m=Number of samples.
- M=Mass, kg.
- MW=Molecular weight, kg/kg-mole.
- n=Number of compounds.
- p=Number of runs.
- %O_{2d}=Concentration of oxygen, dry basis, percent by volume.
- Q=Volumetric flowrate of wastewater, m³/hr. QG=Volumetric flow rate of vented gas stream, dry standard, m³/min.
- QMG=Mass flowrate of TOC (minus methane and ethane) or organic hazardous air pollutants, in vented gas stream, kg/hr.
- QMW=Mass flowrate of Table 8 and/or Table 9 compounds in wastewater, kg/hr.
- ρ=Density, kg/m³.
- RMR=Required mass removal achieved by treatment process or a series of treatment processes, kg/hr.